PA3-9



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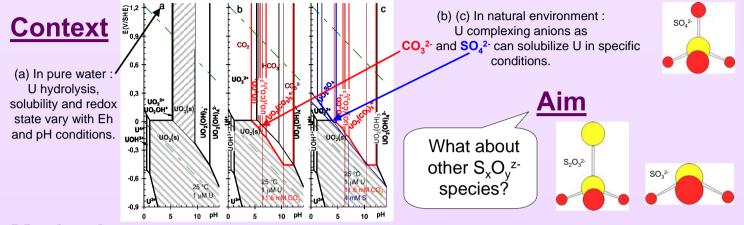


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Estimating the stabilities of uranium(IV) complexes with sulfoxyanions

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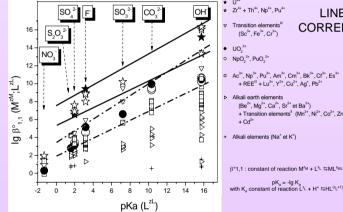
Can any S_xO_v^z- anions solubilize U(IV)?

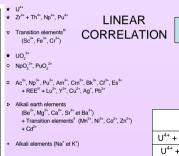


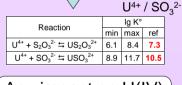
Methodology and results

Comparing standard complex formation constants against pKa of ligands - for various cations

Ionic strength corrections with SIT Formula (Specific Interaction Theory)







Any impact on U(IV) speciation?

ESTIMATION OF

UNKNOWN COMPLEX

FORMATION

CONSTANTS

U4+ / S2O22-

a

b

pΗ

lg K

25 °C

25 °C

4 mM S

11.6 mM CO₃

11.6 mM CO₃ 4 mM S

ication to natural environmen Ig (% species) as a function of pH U(OH)₄(aq) E(V/SHE) Hypothesis (a) Redox disequilibrium between U and S systems: -US₂O₃2+? -U⁴1 $[S]_t \approx [SO_4^2]_t$ -UOH3+ SO₃²- partially reduced by U(IV), forming S₂O₃²-U(OH)₄(aq) U4+ UQH3+ Hypothesis (b) Redox equilibrium on U(IV)-U(VI) line: -US₂O₃2+? $-USO_3^{2+}$? 25 °C $[S]_{t} \approx [S_{2}O_{3}^{2}]_{t}$ SO₄²⁻ strongly reduced by U(IV) SO₃² partially reduced by U(IV) Rough U(IV)-U(VI) limit

Conclusions

Despite this have never been evidenced -to our knowledge-, our rough estimations of the stabilities of 1-1 complexes suggest

- S₂O₃²⁻ might very well form complexes with U(IV)
- In natural environment (pH≈7), U⁴⁺ / S₂O₃²⁻ 1-1 complex does not seem to form (note that complexes with number of ligand molecule > 1 are not considered for S₂O₃²⁻ and SO₃²⁻)